Stormwater Preventative Maintenance

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Overview

- What is Preventative Maintenance?
- Types of Stormwater Management Systems
 - Specific preventative maintenance per system
- Preventing invasive plant invasions
- Preventing algal blooms





Compliance and Functionality

- Preventative maintenance –basic maintenance to maintain compliance and functionality
 - Inspect structures: inlets, outfalls, rip-rap, pipes etc.
 - Unclog structures
 - Trash
 - Organic debris
 - Sediment
 - Basic Vegetation management
 - Mow access areas around inlets and outfalls
 - Prevent establishment of invasive plant species





Types of Stormwater Management Systems

- Wet Pond
- Dry Pond
- Infiltration
- Bioretention Facility
- Swales
- Ditch systems
- At home stormwater management





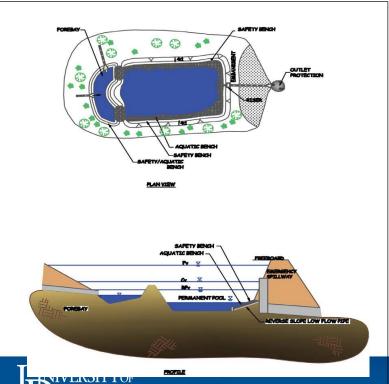
Wet Pond

- Permanent pool
 - Contains water year round
 - Management is difficult due to water quality issues within the pond
 - algae
 - Public safety issues (require bench shelf)
- Vegetative Buffers
 - Embankments, vegetative buffer 25' outward from the high water level
- Proactive Management Opportunities

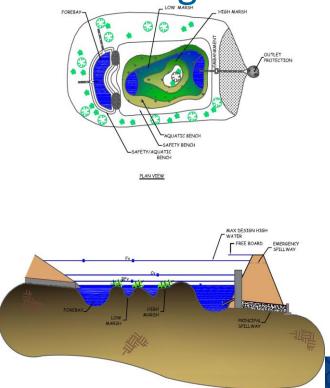




Wet Pond Standard Design



Drawings from DNREC Division of Watershed Stewardship



Permanent Pool

- Water quality Issues
 - Nutrient load and sedimentation
 - Algae growth
 - Turbidity
 - Dissolved Oxygen deficiency
 - Fish kills





Causes of algae blooms

- Stagnant waters
- Shallow water
- High nutrient load
 - Nitrogen and phosphorus
 - Sheet runoff
 - Stormwater runoff
 - Fertilizer runoff
 - Canada goose excrement
 - Sedimentation





Long term management

- Take actions to reduce the amount of available nutrients in the water column
 - Phosphorus precipitation (Lanthanum and clay or aluminum sulfate applications)
 - Removal of accumulated sediment from forebays and pond bottoms
 - Riparian buffers
 - Bench shelf plantings with native beneficial
 - Winter organic material removal
 - Aeration
 - Rain gardens
 - Rain barrels





Sediment removal

- Forebays must be cleaned out regularly
- Full pond dredges may be required
- Stabilize areas at risk of eroding





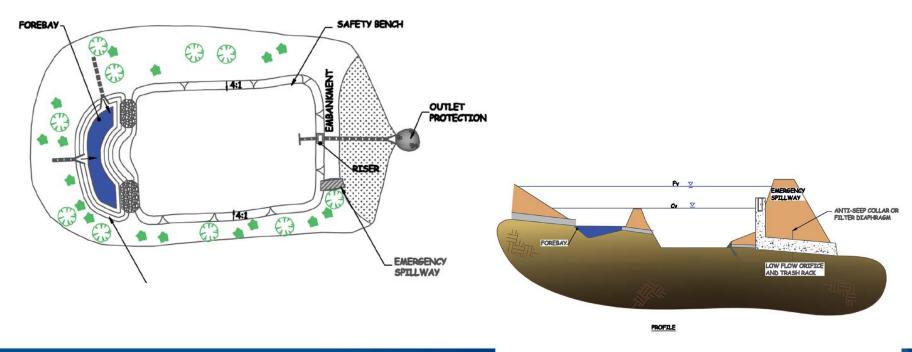
Dry Pond

- No permanent pool
 - Little to no issues with algae growth
- Vegetation Management is more difficult
 - Pond bottom will be difficult to manage for vegetation due to periods of varying moisture levels





Dry Pond Standard Design





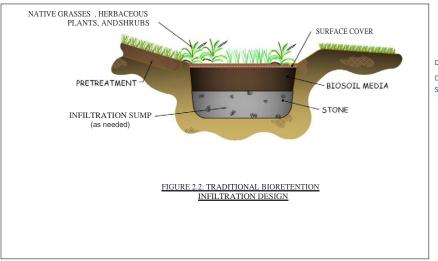
Bioretention Facility

- No permanent pool
 - Filters with biosoil
 - Sand, lignin(polymer which makes plants rigid and woody), and organic matter
 - Treated water can be piped back to conveyance or allowed to infiltrate
- Vegetative cover
 - Shrubs
 - Herbaceous cover
- Weed pressure

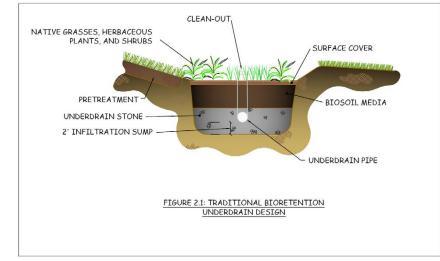




Bioretention Facility Basic Design



Drawings from DNREC
Division of Watershed
Stewardship







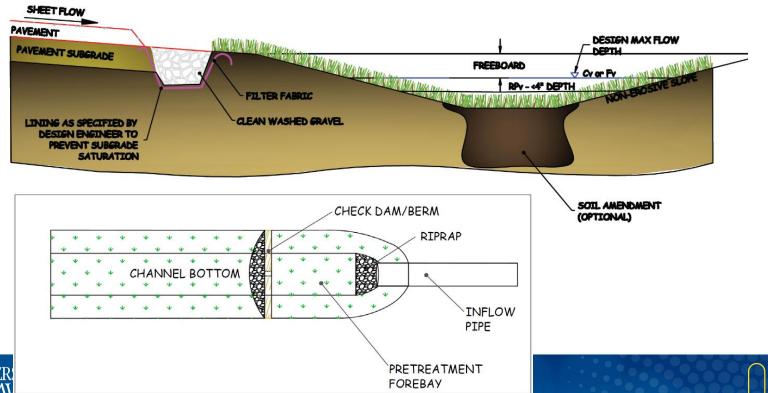
Vegetated Channels

- Depressions that serve to direct water to a management system
- Should be vegetated with herbaceous plants, no woody plants that would inhibit flow





Vegetated Channels Basic Design



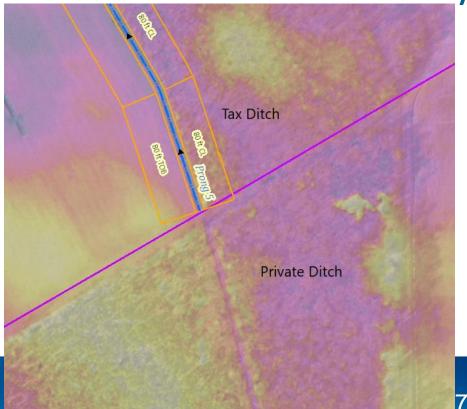
Ditch Systems

- Tax Ditches
 - Governmental subdivision within the state overseen by a Tax Ditch association
 - Tax Ditch organization includes all landowners within the tax ditch watershed and officers must be from the organization
- Private ditches
 - Ditches that have been constructed by private landowners





Ditch Systems



Delaware Tax Ditch Map



Invasive Plant Species

- J. 30 ffler; C. Evans
- UGA1380001

- Delaware Invasive Species Council
- The Delaware Wetland Plant Field Guide

photo by Chris Evans University of Illinois









At Home Stormwater Management

- Rain barrels
- Rain gardens
- Turf conversion to meadow, trees, shrubs, etc
 - Opportunities to diversify services
- Buffers
- Direct gutters away from impervious surface
- Pervious hardscapes





At Home Stormwater Management







Figure 5: Interlocking Pavers in Oxford, MD. Photo by Eric Buehl.





Stormwater Management Resources

- DNREC Division of Watershed Stewardship
 - http://www.dnrec.delaware.gov/swc/Pages/SedimentStormwater.aspx
- Conservation Districts
 - Sussex https://www.sussexconservation.org/
 - Kent http://kentcd.org/
 - New Castle http://newcastleconservationdistrict.org/
- Private Consultants





In Summary

- Preventative maintenance is necessary to keep systems functional and in compliance
- Regularly scout stormwater management systems
 - Check flow orifices before rain events, especially bigger storms
- Preventative maintenance will help protect against major system failures





Questions?

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